# Git Review, Teams, Python overview, Installing Python

Info 206

Niall Keleher

29 August 2017

### Today's Outline

- 1. Quiz
- 2. Command Line and git review
- 3. Individual assignment initializing a repository on Git, writing a bash script
- 4. Course Project creating project groups
- 5. Overview of Python
- 6. Python demo pygame
- 7. Python installation
- 8. Collaborative exercise: exploring Github repositories



Today's Quiz: http://bit.ly/2wENj60

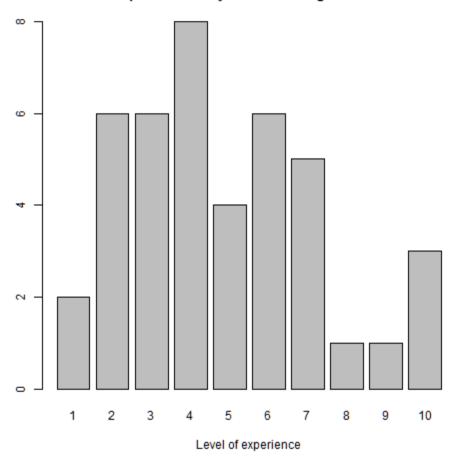
ISVC access

- ISVC access
- Slack

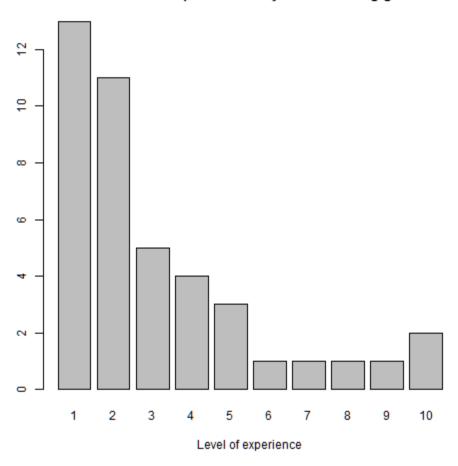
- ISVC access
- Slack
- Eve Mwangi assisting with code review and feedback

- ISVC access
- Slack
- Eve Mwangi assisting with code review and feedback
- Meeting 1 Quiz distribution of experience

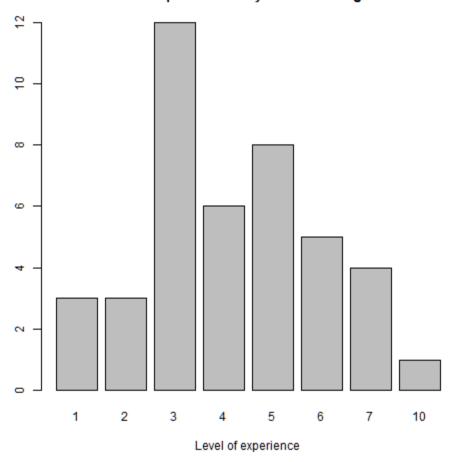
### How much experience do you have using the command line?



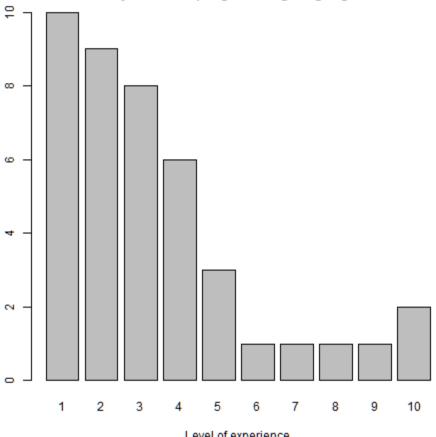
### How much experience do you have using git?



### How much experience do you have using Github?



### How much experience do you have using Python as a programming language?

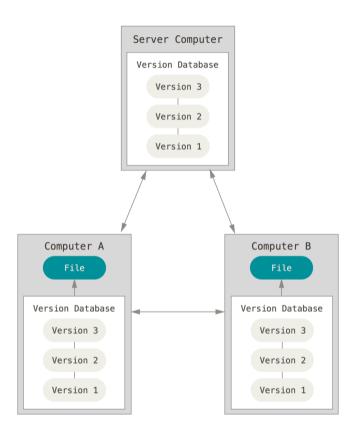


Level of experience

### Git and Command Line review

### Source Control

- A system for organizing different versions of a project under development
  - It could be a document, a picture file, almost anything.
  - In our case, we want to keep track of different versions of the Python code we're writing.
- Version Control Systems are ubiquitous in the software development industry



**Source Control** 



• repository (repo)

- repository (repo)
- branch

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork
- pull

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork
- pull
- merge

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork
- pull
- merge
- push

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork
- pull
- merge
- push
- commit

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork
- pull
- merge
- push
- commit
- checkout

- repository (repo)
- branch
- pull request
- fork
- pull
- merge
- push
- commit
- checkout
- clone

### Installing Git

- Most Mac and Linux users should have git preinstalled.
- Windows users are less likely to have Git preinstalled
  - download Github Desktop: <a href="https://desktop.github.com/">https://desktop.github.com/</a>
- In the terminal emulator, run:

```
which git # Shows where git binary/executable is stored
git --help # Help information for git command
```

# GitHub

## Github education pack

https://education.github.com/pack

Allows you to have unlimited private repositories.

### Git demo

# Github organization

### **Organizations**

https://help.github.com/articles/collaborating-with-groups-in-organizations/

### **Teams**

https://help.github.com/articles/about-teams/

### Organization for Info 206

https://github.com/INFO206-Fall2017

Request to be added, if not a member.

# Individual assignment: initializing a repository on Github

B

bash scripting

### Create an individual repository

- Add a repository to the INFO206-Fall2017 Organization
- Name the repository {github-username}\_info206
- On your local machine perform the following tasks:
  - Create a *README.md* file with the following header:

```
# Working repository for Info 206
## {FULLNAME}
## {github-username}
```

- Create a file named make\_directory.sh
  - See instructions in https://github.com/INFO206-Fall2017/coursematerials/exercises

# Course Project: creating project groups

• The objective is to identify a challenge/problem that can be addressed through a program.

- The objective is to identify a challenge/problem that can be addressed through a program.
- The problem and the approach to addressing it will be identified by teams.

- The objective is to identify a challenge/problem that can be addressed through a program.
- The problem and the approach to addressing it will be identified by teams.
- Teams will consist of approximately 4 individuals.

- The objective is to identify a challenge/problem that can be addressed through a program.
- The problem and the approach to addressing it will be identified by teams.
- Teams will consist of approximately 4 individuals.
- Between now and August 31, find one partner to work with on your team.

- The objective is to identify a challenge/problem that can be addressed through a program.
- The problem and the approach to addressing it will be identified by teams.
- Teams will consist of approximately 4 individuals.
- Between now and August 31, find one partner to work with on your team.
- Pairs will be randomly grouped with another pairing to form teams of 4. Teams will be announced by September 5.

- The objective is to identify a challenge/problem that can be addressed through a program.
- The problem and the approach to addressing it will be identified by teams.
- Teams will consist of approximately 4 individuals.
- Between now and August 31, find one partner to work with on your team.
- Pairs will be randomly grouped with another pairing to form teams of 4. Teams will be announced by September 5.
- The project will require contributions (observed through Github commits) to a team project. On October 17th, teams will present their work to the entire class.

[\*] If you do not have or choose not to identify an initial partner, you will be randomly assigned to a team.

### Key dates for project

- Project Status Update #1 Problem statement (*UPDATE*: 12 September)
- Project Status Update #2 Codebase outline (26 September)
- Final Project Presentations (17 October)

## End of Meeting #2

### For next meeting

- Install Python 3.3+ (Recommended Installation: www.python.org or Anaconda Python)
- Identify one partner for course project
- Videos:
  - 1. Objects (4 mins)
  - 2. Objects and Types (11 mins)
  - 3. Representing Numbers (3 mins)
  - 4. Numbers (7 mins)
  - 5. Variables, Part 1 (9 mins)
  - 6. Variables, Part 2 (3 mins)
  - 7. Strings (19 mins)
- Readings:
  - Lutz Chapter 5: Numeric Types
  - Lutz Chapter 7: String Fundamentals